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An Experimental Study of Harishankara Rasa in Madhumeha

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ABSTRACT

Madhumeha is one of the four types of Vatika Prameha characterized by passage of excessive quantity of urine having quality similar to Madhu (Polyurea & Glycosuria) along with sweetness of whole body (Hyperglycemia). Diabetes mellitus comprise an etiologically and clinically heterogenous group of hyperglycemic disorder. Rasashastra emphasize the usage of various Rasa Aushadhi in the management of Madhumeha. Rasa Aushadhis are important because of working fast even in low dose. In present study, drug was selected with the help of textual reference of Rasendra Sara Sangraha Prameha Chikitsa - 1 (HarishankaraRasa). This study has planned to know Pramehaghna property of Harishankara Rasa on induced diabetic animal models. 25 Wistar strain albino rats were selected and divided into 5 groups with each consisting of 5 animals. Groups were Normal control group, Diabetic controlgroup, Diabetic + Metformin group, Harishankara Rasa with low dose and Harishankara Rasa with high dose. Study was done for 14 days. On 14th day, in alloxan control group, elevation in blood sugar was observed; in *Harishankara Rasa* with high dose treated group highly significant result was noted while in Harishankara Rasa with low dose treated group, effect was moderately significant. This indicates that even though the test drug showed increase effectiveness in higher dose in earlier stage later it became dose independent. It can be concluded that Harishankara Rasa in current study shows highly significant results in diabetic induced animal models. Further in histopathological study, no toxicity was seen in pancreasand kidney. So, it can be used safely in patients of diabetes.

Keywords: Madhumeha, Diabetes Mellitus, Rasa Aushadhi, Harishankara Rasa, RasendraSara Sangraha

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